Securing eHealth and anceof eGovernment with Java catch finally 10-12 December @wernerkeil @thodorisbais Sofia Bulgaria

Let's meet

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Agenda

- 1. eHealth and eGovernment
- 2. Signatures and Certificates
- 3. DSS Framework
- 4. PDF Insecurity
- 5. Demo
- 6. Links / Q&A



eGovernment in DE





Internal



eHealth in DE







Long distance communication

Health Data

Patient Monitoring

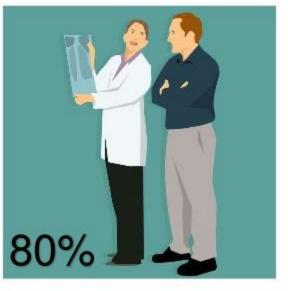


eGovernment in NL





eHealth in NL

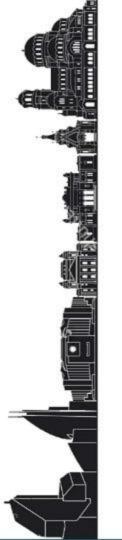






Access to medical records

Health monitoring



eHealth in NL – How to achieve these goals







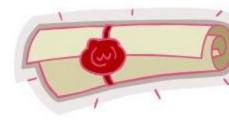
Requirements for Secure Transmission





Authenticity of Author and Data

- Assignment of data to the signer
- · Protection against denial by signatory
- Protection of data against manipulation
 - On the transmission path
 - Through the receiver





Risks & Solutions





Electronic Signatures

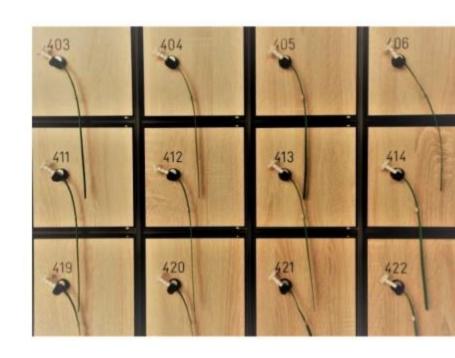




Functionality

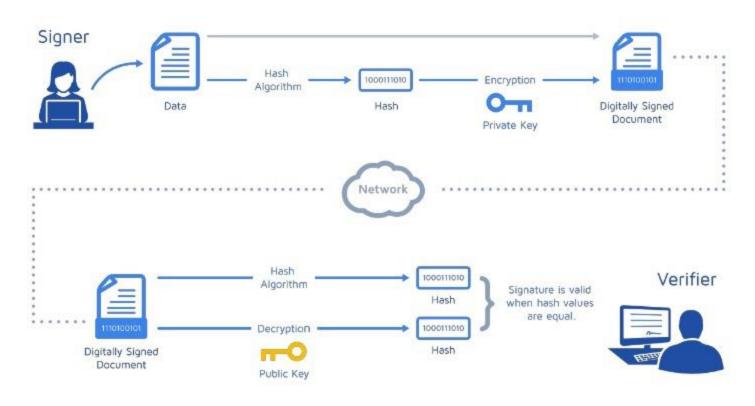
The electronic signature is a cryptographic method that uses two asymmetric keys

- Private key
- Public key



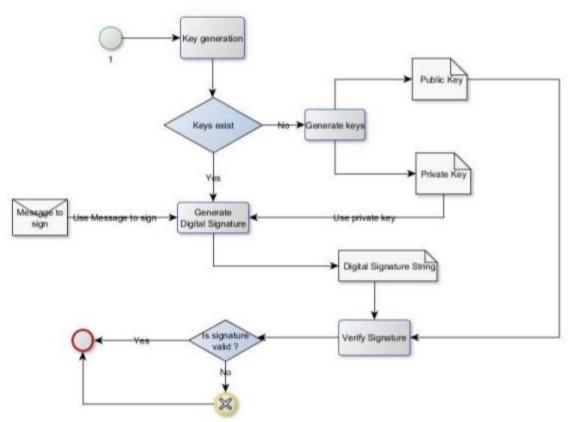


Signature Process





Signature Process





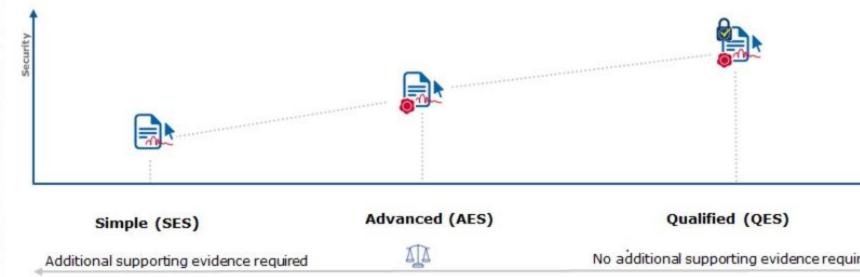
Signature Types

The signature law distinguishes three (or four) types of signatures:

- Simple Electronic Signature (SES)
- Advanced Electronic Signature(AdES)
- Qualified Electronic Signature (QES)
- Qualified Electronic Signature with Provider Accreditation



Signature Types





Advanced Electronic Signature

Electronic signatures, where:

- The owner can be uniquely identified and assigned to the signatu
- The signature is generated by means which owner can keep under their sole control
- It is capable of identifying if accompanying data has changed after the message was signed
- · The signature can be invalidated in the event of such change



Scope of Application

An advanced electronic signature holder can also be a company, service, app, etc.

The advanced electronic signature can therefore be used to sign documents if there are no legal formalities (personal certificates)

With the advanced electronic signature, mass signatures are possible, for example to ensure the integrity of documents in the are of electronic invoicing or archiving (functional certificates)

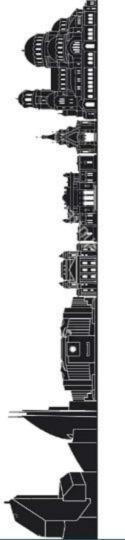


Qualified Electronic Signature

An advanced electronic signature based on a secure signature creation device and a qualified certificate valid at the time of creation

Qualified Certificates

- Serial Number
- Reference to Qualified Certificate
- Name of the owner (natural person)
- · Signature verification
- · Period of validity
- Certification Service
- Usage restrictions

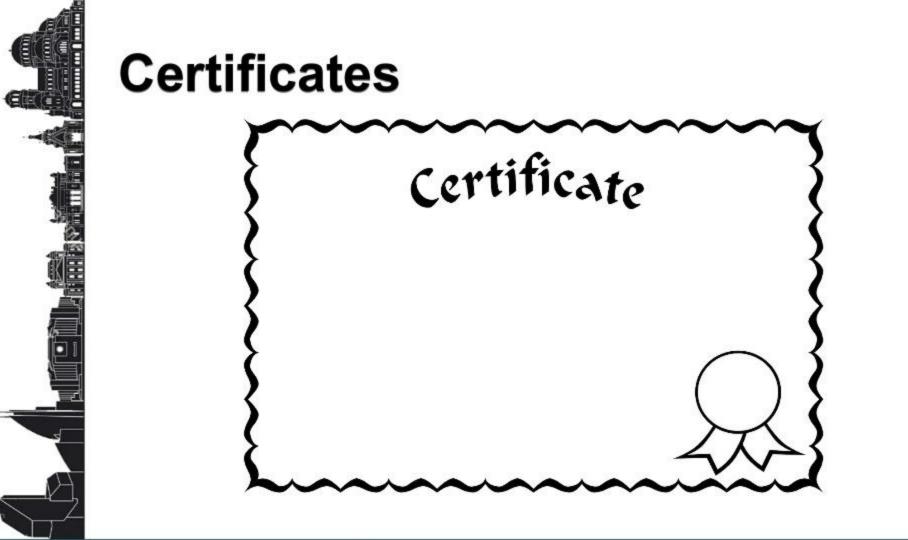


Qualified Electronic Signature with Accreditation

Provision of the PKI by a trust center that has undergone the voluntary accreditation process.

Certificate providers prove compliance with the provisions of the Acand the SigV before commencing operations

Accreditation as a quality label provides proof of the comprehensively tested safety.





Certificates

The assignment of the electronic signature to the owner is carried o by means of certificates

A certificate is an electronic certificate linking the public signature verification key to the name of the holder (natural or legal person)



Signature Formats

There are four main types of signatures:

- XAdES (XML Document)
- CAdES (Common binaries of different kinds)
- PAdES (PDF Document)
- Associated Signature Containers (ASiC)



Signature Packaging

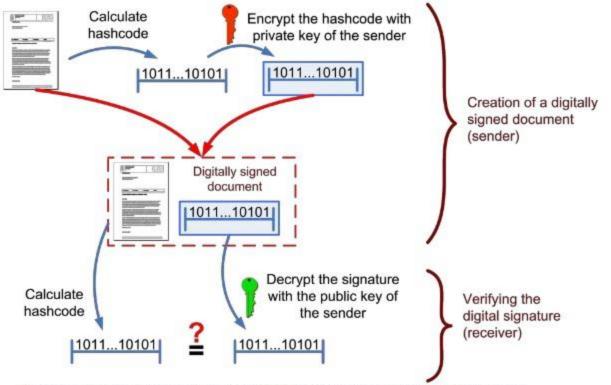
Depending on the signature format, different packaging of the signature and the document are possible:

- Enveloped
- Enveloping
- Detached
- Internally Detached



Signature Creation and Validation

Creating and verifying a digital signature



If the calculated hashcode does not match the result of the decrypted signature, either the document was changed after signing, or the signature was not generated with the private key of the alleged sender.

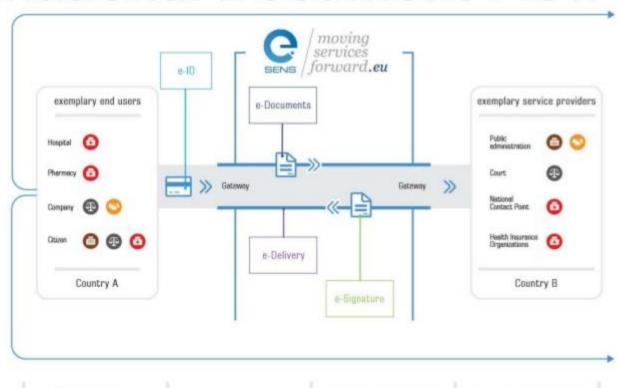


Signature Validation

- TOTAL_PASSED
- TOTAL_FAILED
- INDETERMINATE



Multinational Document Flow













DSS Framework

ЕВРОПЕЙСКИ СЪЮЗ EUROPEAN UNION



DSS Framework

DSS (Digital Signature Services) is an open-source software library for electronic signature creation and validation. DSS supports the creation and verification of interoperable and secure electronic signatures in line with European legislation.

Three main features can be distinguished within the framework:

- Creation of a Digital Signature
- Extension of a Digital Signature
- Validation of a Digital Signature



DSS Framework – Features

- Formats of the signed documents: XML, PDF, DOC, TXT, ZIP,...
- Packaging structures: enveloping, enveloped, detached and internally-detached
- Forms signatures: XAdES, CAdES, PAdES and ASiC-S/ASiC-E
- Profiles associated to each form of the digital signature
- Trust management
- Revocation data handling (OCSP and CRL sources)
- · Certificate chain building
- Signature validation and validation policy
- Validation of the signing certificate



PDF Insecurity

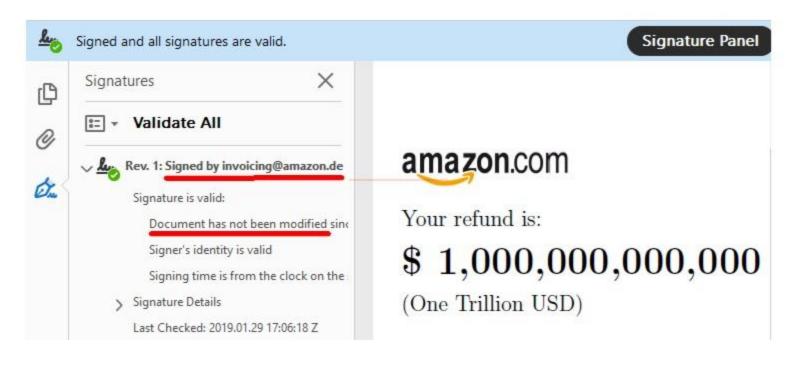


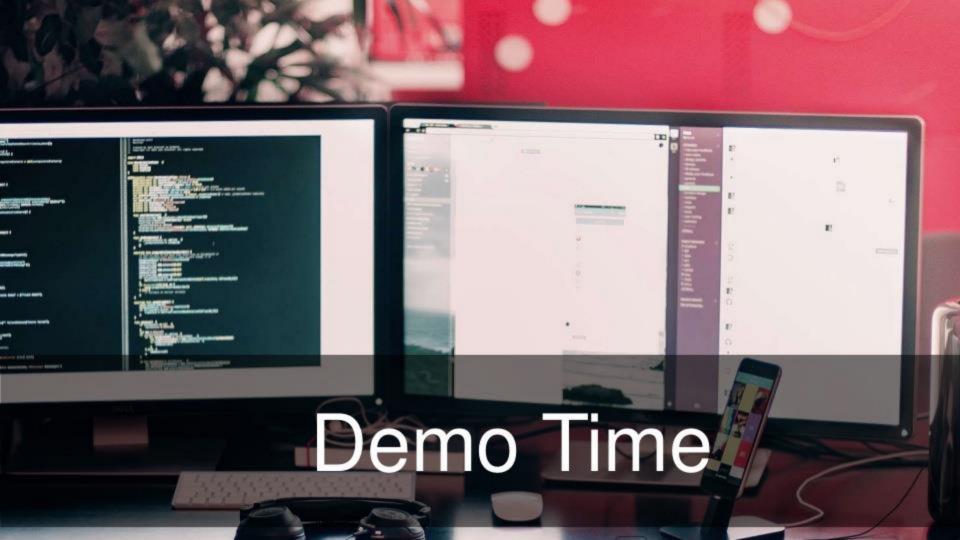
https://www.pdf-insecurity.org/index.html





PDF Insecurity







Links



https://ec.europa.eu/cefdigital/wiki/display/CEFDIGITAL/eSignature eGov EU Twitter Account: @eGov EU

CEF DSS:

https://ec.europa.eu/cefdigital/wiki/display/CEFDIGITAL/DSS

DSS Framework on GitHub: https://github.com/esig/dss

Bouncy Castle for Java:

https://www.bouncycastle.org/java.html

Apache Sanctuario: https://santuario.apache.org/

Apache PDFBox: https://pdfbox.apache.org/

THANK YOU



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